

Questions

Hidden caries are predominantly found in:

- a. Incisors;
- b. Canines;
- c. Premolars;
- d. Molars.

The caries diagnosis in everyday clinical practice is based on:

- a. Visual inspection;
- b. Laser fluorescence;
- c. Visible spectrum fluorescence;
- d. Infrared radiation.

The most appropriate wavelength for the detection of incipient caries by laser fluorescence is:

- a. 337 nm;
- b. 488 nm;
- c. 515 nm;
- d. 633 nm.

Which are the most appropriate Cut-Off Values of the DIAGNOdent for dentin caries:

- a. 0-13;
- b. 14-20;
- c. 21-29;
- d. 20-29.